

## APPENDIX 5

### **INVESTMENTS STRATEGY 2023/24 – 2025/26**

#### **1.0 Introduction**

This strategy is written in accordance with guidance issued under section 15 (1) (a) of the Local Government Act 2003, the Department of Levelling Up and Housing and Communities (DLUHC) Guidance on Local Authority Investments (3<sup>rd</sup> Edition) effective from 1 April 2018, , the revised CIPFA Treasury Management in Public Services Code of Practice and Cross Sectoral Guidance Notes (2021) and the revised CIPFA Prudential Code (2021).

The objectives of this strategy are to:

- Security - facilitate investment decisions which ensure that the Council's investment sums remain secure
- Liquidity - ensure the liquidity of investments so that the Council has sufficient cash resources available to carry out its functions at all times
- Optimum Yield - achieve the maximum return on investments after taking into account security and liquidity

#### **2.0 Current Investments**

Surplus funds arising from day to day operations are invested based on the most up to date forecasts of interest rates and in accordance with the Council's cash flow requirements in order to gain maximum benefit from the Council's cash position throughout the year. In the current financial climate only specified investments will be considered as set out below.

#### **3.0 Investments: Loans**

In accordance with relevant guidance, all investments will be placed with counterparties included on the Council's approved list. Institutions with which specified investments will be made include:

- UK government institutions and other local authorities
- institutions which have been awarded a high quality credit rating by a credit rating agency

The length of time an investment can be placed for is specified below under each category of counterparty, normally this will be no longer than 364 days.

Non-Specified Investments are any investment not meeting the definition of a specified investment above. The Authority does not intend to make any investments denominated in foreign currencies, nor any that are defined as capital expenditure by legislation, such as company shares. Non-specified investments will therefore be limited to long-term investments, i.e. those that are due to mature 12 months or longer from the date of arrangement, and

investments with bodies and schemes not meeting the definition on high credit quality.

The Council's Treasury Management Practice note 1 (3) states that 'The Section 151 Officer will be responsible for preparing for the Council a list of institutions in which the Council's funds may be invested. This list will be supported by details of the criteria employed to assess the various credit standings of counterparties'. The following credit ratings will be considered:

- Long-term ratings – these range from the highest rating of AAA to the lowest rating of D. As the title suggests, this indicator reflects the long-term stability of the institution.
- Short-term ratings - These have a time horizon of less than 12 months and therefore place greater emphasis on the liquidity necessary to meet financial commitments in a timely manner. As most of the Council's investments are expected to be for less than 364 days, this is of particular importance. The ratings are F1 (highest credit quality), F2 (good credit quality), F3 (fair credit quality) and B to D (representing various levels of potential default).
- Individual ratings – These range from the highest of A to the lowest of F. This rating is only assigned to banks and attempts to assess how it would be viewed if it were entirely independent and could not rely upon external support.
- Support ratings – These range from 1 to 5 with 1 being the highest. It is a judgement on whether a bank would receive support should this become necessary. It is assumed that any such support would come from the sovereign state or institutional owners.

The Council's counterparty list needs to provide security for the amounts invested whilst containing a sufficient number of institutions with which to place funds. For the purpose of this strategy in respect of Categories 1 and 2 below, only counterparties that meet all of the following criteria will be considered for investment.

- UK banks
- Building societies with asset bases in excess of £6 billion.
- By reference to all three major credit rating agencies (Fitch, Standard and Poor's, Moody's) only those that reach the minimum standard for the lowest agency rating set out.

### Category 1

The minimum ratings that will be considered for all agencies are set out below:

Term	Credit Agency		
	Fitch	Moody's	S & P
Short	F1	P1	A1
Long	AA-	AA3	AA-
Individual	C	D	
Support	3		

For any organisation that meets the above criteria, up to £1.5m may be invested at any one time for a maximum duration of 364 days.

**Any building society that meets the above criteria must also have an asset base in excess of £6 billion.**

### Category 2

The minimum ratings that will be considered for all agencies are set out below:

Term	Credit Agency		
	Fitch	Moody's	S & P
Short	F1	P1	A1
Long	A	A2	A1
Individual	C	D	
Support	3		

For any organisation that meets the above criteria, up to £1m may be invested at any one time for a maximum duration of maximum duration of 364 days.

**Any building society that meets the above criteria must also have an asset base in excess of £6 billion.**

Other counterparties that can be used and any restrictions applicable are set out below.

### Debt Management Office

Investments of a maximum duration of 6 months can be made with this Government department and are unrestricted in value.

### Public Authorities in England, Scotland and Wales

Investments totalling up to £5m at any one time with a maximum duration of three years can be made with these bodies. These include local government, fire and police authorities.

The Council exercises due diligence by assessing the organisation's financial stability. This is achieved by reviewing their credit status, most recent audited financial statements, auditor's report, budget report and current news which is financial in nature. All decisions are signed off the by the Section 151 Officer or the Deputy Section 151 Officer.

#### Money Market Funds

Investments of up to £1.5m per fund at one time can be made provided they are AAA rated.

Credit ratings are monitored on a daily basis using Arlingclose credit rating service by the Section 151 Officer who will determine the amendments to be made to the counterparty list when credit ratings change.

The proposed counterparty list for investments is given at Annex 1.

The period for which investments are placed will be based on the Council's cash flow forecasts and estimates of movements in interest rates. The Council generally does not expect to place investments for longer than 364 days. This situation will be kept under review by the Section 151 Officer should a longer-term investment opportunity occur. Long-term investments will only be made where it is clear that surplus cash resources are not required for the day-to-day financing of the Council's activities. The maximum period for any long-term investments will be the three-year planning cycle covered by this strategy.

#### **4.0 Policy on the Use of External Service Providers**

External advisors will be used when appropriate e.g. to undertake independent valuations prior to acquisition, asset valuation or when there is a lack of expertise in-house regarding an industry.

The Authority uses Arlingclose as an external treasury advisor but still recognise that responsibility for treasury management decisions remains with the Council at all times. Whilst it is recognised that undue reliance should not be placed on external advisors, it is valuable to be able to access specialist skills and resources.

#### **5.0 Scheme of Delegation**

Full Council

- Approval of annual strategy
- Review of treasury management policy and procedures, including making recommendations to responsible body

Policy, Finance and Development Committee

- Approval of annual treasury outturn report
- Approval of mid year treasury management updates
- Mid year treasury management updates

Section 151 Officer

- Day to day management of treasury management, within agreed policy

- Appointment of external advisors, within existing Council procurement procedures and standing orders.

## **6.0 Role of Section 151 Officer**

The Section 151 Officer has day to day responsibility for running the treasury management function.

## **7.0 Ethical Investment Strategy**

The Council aims to be aware of ethical issues within its investment strategy. Where any member of the Council becomes concerned about such issues, these matters should be reported to the Section 151 Officer. Where necessary, the Section 151 Officer will then present a response to the concerns raised to the next meeting of the Policy, Finance and Development Committee.

**EXTERNAL INVESTMENT OF FUNDS - APPROVED INSTITUTIONS****Category 1**

<b>Restrictions</b>	
<b>Max Amount £m</b>	1.5
<b>Duration</b>	364 days
<b>Asset Base (Building Societies Only)</b>	£6 bn

**Category 2**

<b>Restrictions</b>	
<b>Max Amount £m</b>	1
<b>Duration</b>	364 days
<b>Asset Base (Building Societies Only)</b>	£6 bn

The following institutions will also be classed as Category 2 although they currently may not meet the exact criteria.

Barclays Bank Plc

Lloyds Bank Plc

HSBC Plc

Santander UK Plc

National Westminster Bank Plc

Royal Bank of Scotland Plc

Bank of Scotland Plc

Nationwide Building Society

**Debt Management Office**

<b>Restrictions</b>	
<b>Max Amount £m</b>	N/A
<b>Duration</b>	6 months

Operated by a National Government Department

### **Public Authorities in England, Scotland and Wales**

<b>Restrictions</b>	
<b>Max Amount £m</b>	5
<b>Duration</b>	3 Years

All public authorities (including local government, fire and police authorities) in England, Wales and Scotland

### **Money Market Funds**

<b>Restrictions</b>	
<b>Max Amount £m</b>	1.5
<b>Duration</b>	N/A

Funds must be AAA-rated and operated by a company regulated by the Financial Services Authority. The Section 151 Officer, under delegated powers, will choose the appropriate fund(s).